TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

## **TA8216H**

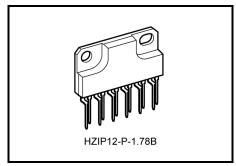
#### **Dual Audio Power Amplifier**

The TA8216H is dual audio power amplifier for consumer applications.

This IC provides an output power of 13 watts per channel (at  $V_{CC}$  = 28V, f = 1kHz, THD = 10%, RL = 8  $\Omega$ ). It is suitable for power amplifier of music center.

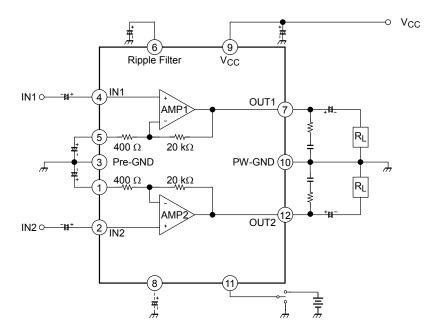
#### **Features**

- High output power:  $P_{out}$  = 13 W/channel (Typ.) ( $V_{CC}$  = 28 V,  $R_L$  = 8  $\Omega$ , f = 1 kHz, THD = 10%)
- Low noise:  $V_{no}$  = 0.14 mVrms (Typ.) ( $V_{CC}$  = 28 V,  $R_L$  = 8  $\Omega$ ,  $G_V$  = 34dB,  $R_g$  = 10 k $\Omega$ , BW = 20 Hz~20 kHz)
- Very few external parts.
- · Built in audio muting circuit.
- Built in thermal shut down protector circuit.
- Operation supply voltage range (Ta = 25°C)
  - :  $V_{CC (opr)} = 10 \sim 37 \text{ V (RL} = 8 \Omega)$
  - :  $V_{CC \text{ (opr)}} = 10 \sim 24 \text{ V (RL} = 4 \Omega)$



Weight: 4.04 g (typ.)

## **Block Diagram**



## **Application Information**

## 1. Voltage gain

The closed loop voltage gain is determined by  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ .

$$\begin{split} G_V &= 20 \text{log} \, \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} (\text{dB}) \\ &= 20 \text{log} \, \frac{20 \, \text{k} \Omega + 400 \, \Omega}{400 \, \Omega} \\ &= 34 \, (\text{dB}) \end{split}$$

$$G_V=20\lambda og\,\frac{R_1+R_2+R_3}{R_2+R_3}(dB)$$
 When  $R_3=220~\Omega$   $G_V\simeq 30~(dB)$  is given.

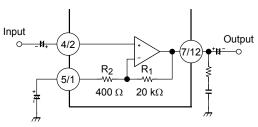
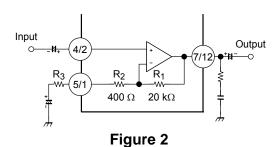


Figure 1



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#### 2. Muting

#### (1) Audio muting

This IC is possible to make audio muting operation by using 11 pin muting terminal.

In Fig.3, the equivalent circuit in the muting circuit section is shown.

By means of reducing the voltage of 11 pin down to 2.8 V or less in Fig.3, Q<sub>1</sub> is turned ON and the base voltage of Q<sub>2</sub> in the differential circuit fabricated with Q<sub>2</sub> and Q<sub>3</sub>.

Therefore, with the voltage reduction of 11 pin, the input circuits of dummy of input terminal and that in the doted line operate and cut-off the input signal.

After muting, the bias circuit continues 1st operation and the power supply current of quiescent time. 8 pin, the capacitor terminal for reducing the pop noise can reduce the pop noise through making the time constant longer by means of inserting the capacitor externary.

In the care this terminal is not used, short 8 pin with 11 pin.

The voltage of 11 pin set up to 4 V or more.

#### (2) IC internal muting at VCC OFF

When  $V_{CC} = 8 \text{ V}$  or less at  $V_{CC}$  off, the detection circuit at  $V_{CC}$  off is operated. And the base voltage of  $Q_1$  is reduced and the muting operation is mode.

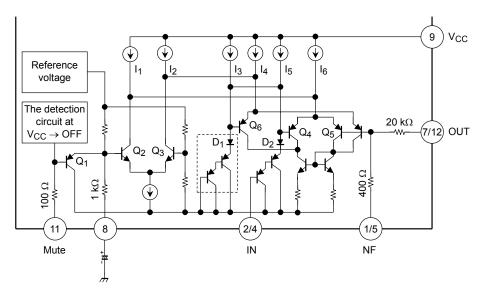


Figure 3

#### 3. Precaution for 4 $\Omega$ load resistance use

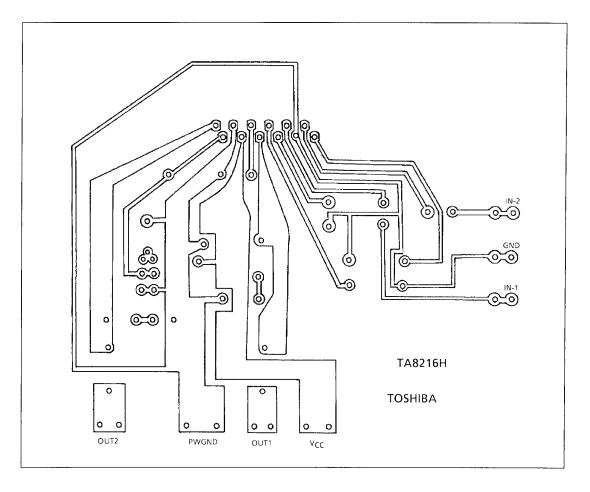
Internal output current detection and protection circuit protect the IC from the influence of unusual excess current. And this function causes the interrupted sound in case of excess input voltage with V<sub>CC</sub> higher than recommended supply voltage (24V).

Therefore, the power supply regulation must be fully investigated so as not to make the VCC be high than recommendation supply voltage (24V).

#### Cautions

This IC is not proof enough against a strong E-M field by CRT which may cause malfunction such as leak. Please set the IC keeping the distance from CRT.

## Standard PCB TA8216H



(Bottom View)

## **Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	40	V
Output current (Peak/ch)	I <sub>O (peak)</sub>	3.0	Α
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Note)	25	W
Operation temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20~75	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150	°C

Note: Derated above  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$  in the proportion of 200 mW/°C.

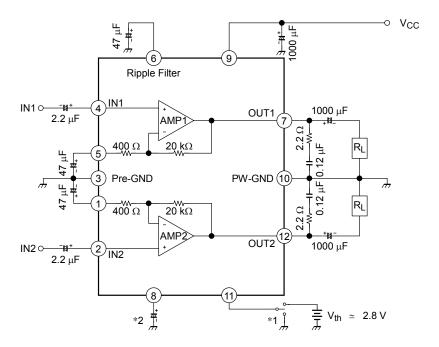
# Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified V<sub>CC</sub> = 28 V, R<sub>L</sub> = 8 $\Omega$ , R<sub>g</sub> = 600 $\Omega$ , f = 1 kHz, Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Quiescent current	Iccq	_	$V_{in} = 0$	_	50	105	mA
	P <sub>out</sub> (1)	_	THD = 10%	10	13	_	W
Output power	P <sub>out</sub> (2)	_	THD = 1%	_	10	_	
	P <sub>out</sub> (3)	_	$\begin{aligned} & \text{THD} = \text{10\%, V}_{CC} = \text{24 V,} \\ & \text{R}_{L} = \text{4 }\Omega \end{aligned}$	_	13	_	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	_	Pout = 2 W	_	0.04	0.2	%
Voltage gain	G <sub>V</sub>	_	V <sub>out</sub> = 0.775 Vrms (0dBm)	32.5	34.0	35.5	dB
Input resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	_	_	_	30	_	kΩ
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	_	$Rg = 0, f_{ripple} = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{ripple} = 0.775 \text{ Vrms (0dBm)}$	-40	-50	_	dB
Output noise voltage	V <sub>no</sub>	_	$Rg = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $BW = 20 \text{ Hz} \sim 20 \text{ kHz}$	_	0.14	0.3	mVrms
Cross talk	C.T.	_	$ \begin{aligned} Rg &= 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \\ V_{out} &= 0.775 \text{ Vrms (0dBm)} \end{aligned} $	_	-70	_	dB
Muting threshold voltege	V <sub>th</sub> 11	_	_	2.6	2.8	_	V

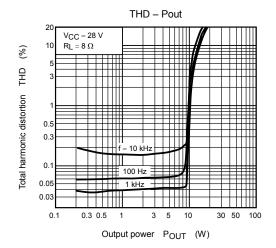
## Typ. DC Voltage of Each Terminal ( $V_{CC} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

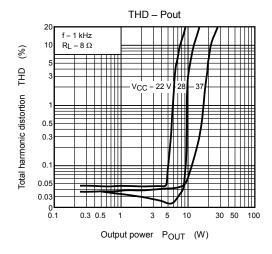
	Terminal No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Ī	DC voltage (V)	1.6	20m	GND	20m	1.6	9.4	13.0	5.0	$V_{CC}$	GND	2.8	13.0

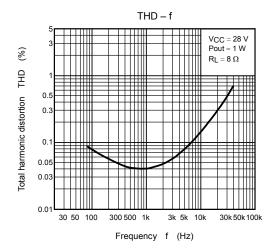
## **Test Circuit**

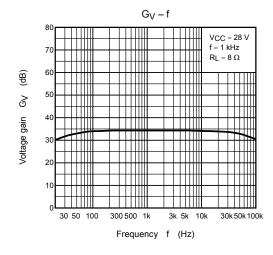


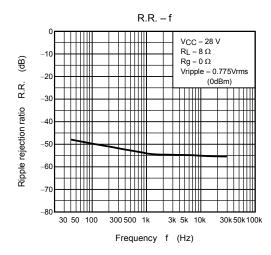
- (\*1) Mute on at 11 pin low  $V_{th} \ 11 = 2.8 \ V \ (Typ.) \ V_{CC} = 28 \ V, \ Ta = 25 ^{\circ}C$
- (\*2) The capacitor for reducing POP noise at mute ON.

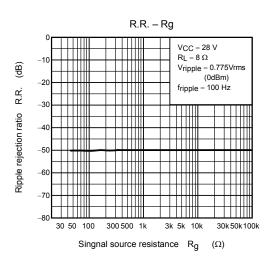


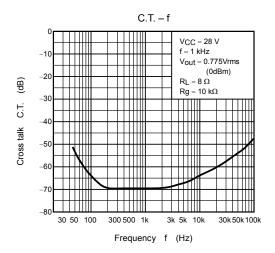


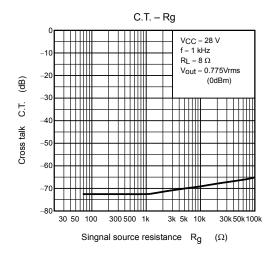


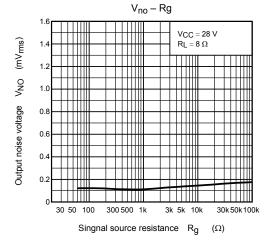


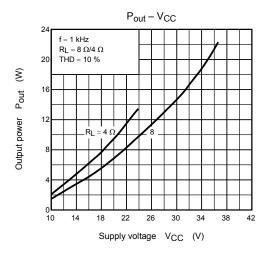


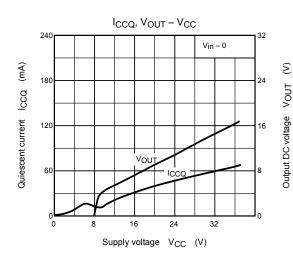


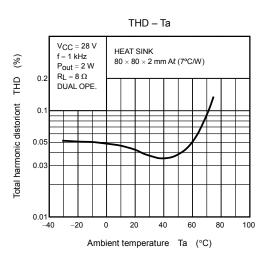


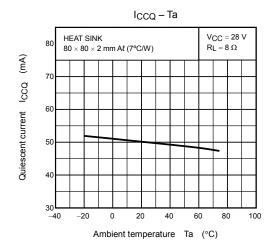


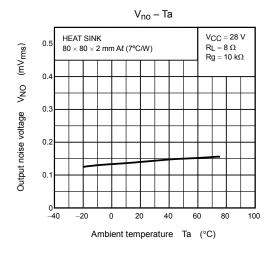


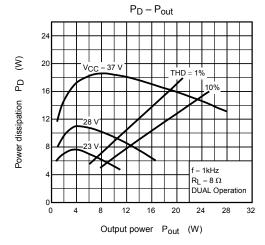


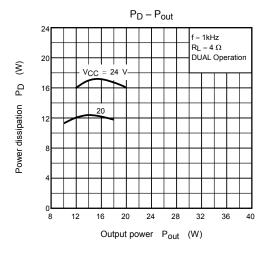


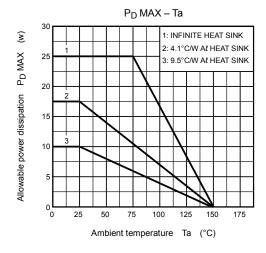


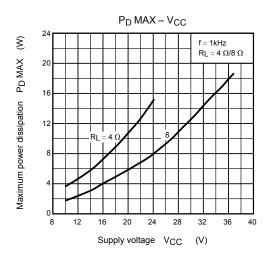










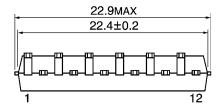


## **Package Dimensions**

HZIP12-P-1.78B

15.72±0.2 Ø3.6±0.2 0.55±0.1 1.42TYP 1.778 1.1±0.1 2.075TYP 0.4<sup>+0.1</sup> 0.4<sup>+0.1</sup>

2.0



Weight: 4.04 g (typ.)

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